

# The classification of the prime graphs of finite solvable cut/rational groups

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# Graphs defined on groups

$$\begin{aligned}\{Groups\} &\longrightarrow \{Graphs\} \\ G &\longmapsto \Gamma(G)\end{aligned}$$

Which properties of the group  $G$  can be recovered from the graph-theoretical properties of  $\Gamma(G)$ ?

Examples:

- Commuting graph
- Cyclic graph
- Solvable conjugacy class graph
- Prime graph

# Prime graph of a finite group

$G$  a finite group

We construct the graph  $\Gamma_{GK}(G) = \{V_{vertices}, E_{edges}\}$  as follows:

- $V = \pi(G) = \{\text{primes dividing } |G|\}$
- $p, q \in V$  different,

$$p - q \in E \iff \exists g \in G : |g| = pq$$

**Definition (Prime graph or GK-graph)**

$\Gamma_{GK}(G)$  is the *prime graph* or *Gruenberg-Kegel graph* of  $G$ .

Example:

$$C_6 \quad 2 \bullet \text{---} \bullet 3$$

$$S_3 \quad 2 \bullet \quad \bullet 3$$

Example:  $A_5$  has prime graph

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & \bullet & \bullet 3 \\ 5 & \bullet & \end{array}$$

Some results about prime graphs:

- Gruenberg-Kegel:  $G$  finite solvable group,  
 $\Gamma_{GK}(G)$  disconnected  $\iff G$  Frobenius or 2-Frobenius.
- Lucido:  $G$  finite group such that  $\Gamma_{GK}(G)$  is a tree  $\implies |\pi(G)| \leq 8$ .
- Gavriluk-Khramtsov-Kondrat'ev-Maslova: Characterization of the prime graphs of finite groups with at most 5 vertices.
- Gruber-Keller-Lewis-Naughton-Strasser: Characterization of the prime graphs of finite solvable groups.

# Characterization of the prime graphs of finite solvable groups

## Theorem (Gruber-Keller-Lewis-Naughton-Strasser)

*A graph  $\Gamma$  is isomorphic to the prime graph of a finite solvable group if and only if its complement  $\bar{\Gamma}$  is 3-colorable and triangle-free.*

Example:  $\Gamma = \begin{matrix} 2 & \bullet & \bullet & 3 \\ & & & \\ & 5 & \bullet & \end{matrix} \implies \bar{\Gamma} = \begin{matrix} 2 & \bullet & \bullet & 3 \\ & & & \\ & 5 & \bullet & \end{matrix}$ ,  $\Gamma \neq \Gamma_{GK}(G)$  for  $G$  finite solvable

- Question 1: What are the prime graphs of finite solvable groups satisfying some property  $P$ ?
- Question 2 (Realizability): Given a graph  $\Gamma$ , is there a finite solvable group  $G$  satisfying some property  $P$  such that  $\Gamma = \Gamma_{GK}(G)$ ?

$P = \text{rational/cut}$ .

# Rational/Cut = Inverse-semirational

$G$  a finite group

$$g \in G \text{ rational} \stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} (\forall h \text{ generator of } \langle g \rangle, h \sim g)$$

## Definition (Rational)

A group  $G$  is *rational* if every element of  $G$  is rational.

Example:  $S_n$  is rational for every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

$$g \in G \text{ inverse semi-rational} \stackrel{\text{def}}{\iff} (\forall h \text{ generator of } \langle g \rangle, h \sim g \text{ or } h \sim g^{-1})$$

## Definition (Cut = Inverse-semirational)

A group  $G$  is *cut* if every element of  $G$  is inverse-semirational.

Example: The monster group  $M$  is cut.

$\{\text{Rational groups}\} \ll \{\text{Cut groups}\}$

Remark (Bächle-Caicedo-Jespers-Maheshwary)

Among groups of order at most 1023:

- 78.55% are cut groups
- 0.52% are rational.

$g \in G$ ,

$$B_G(g) = \frac{N_G(\langle g \rangle)}{C_G(g)} \lesssim \text{Aut}(\langle g \rangle)$$

$\varphi =$  Euler's totient function

- $g$  rational  $\iff |B_G(g)| = \varphi(|g|)$
- $g$  inverse-semirational  $\iff \begin{cases} g \text{ rational or} \\ |B_G(g)| = \varphi(|g|)/2 \text{ and } g \not\sim g^{-1} \end{cases}$

# The classification of the prime graphs of finite solvable rational/cut groups

Example: There are no finite cut groups having  $(3 - 7)$  as prime graph.

$G$  cut and  $g \in G$  of order 21  $\implies 2 \mid |B_G(g)|$

- Is it possible to classify the prime graphs of finite rational/cut groups?

Difficult to approach! Each prime  $p$  divides the order of  $S_p$ .

- What about finite solvable rational/cut groups?

## Theorem (Gow)

*Let  $G$  be a finite solvable rational group. Then  $\pi(G) \subseteq \{2, 3, 5\}$ .*

## Theorem (Bächle)

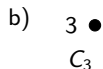
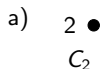
*Let  $G$  be a finite solvable cut group. Then  $\pi(G) \subseteq \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ .*



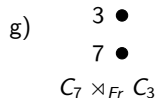
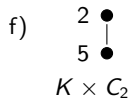
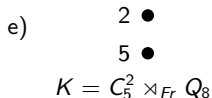
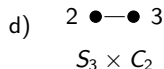
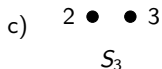
# The classification of Bächle-Kiefer-Maheshwary-del Rio

GK-graphs of solvable finite cut/rational groups:

■ 1 vertex:



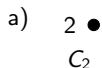
■ 2 vertices:



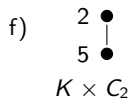
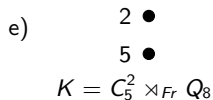
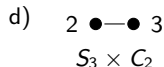
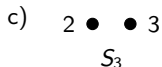
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GK-graphs of solvable finite cut/rational groups:

■ 1 vertex:



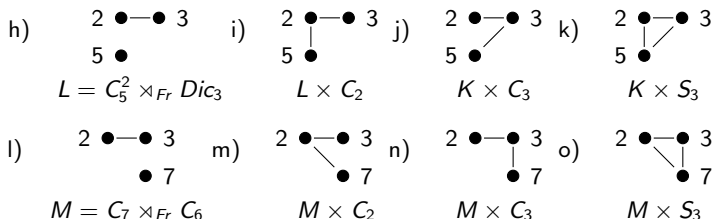
■ 2 vertices:



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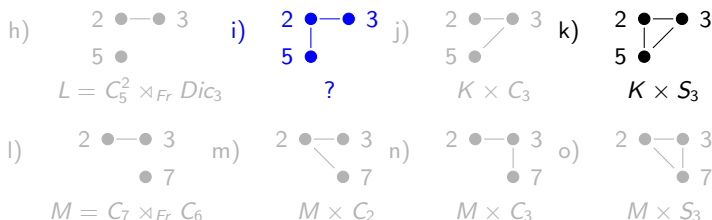
■ 3 vertices:



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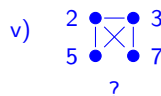
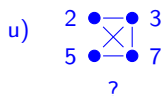
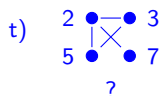
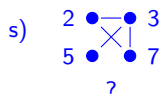
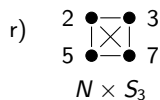
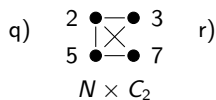
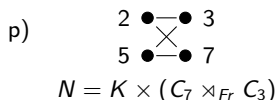
■ 3 vertices:



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GK-graphs of solvable finite cut/rational groups:

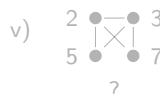
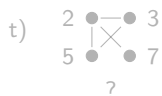
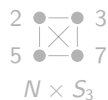
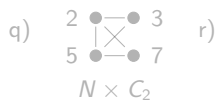
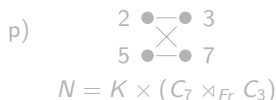
■ 4 vertices:



# The classification of Bächle-Kiefer-Maheshwary-del Rio

GK-graphs of solvable finite cut/rational groups:

■ 4 vertices:



Summarizing...

To complete the classification we have to answer the following questions.

For rational groups:

Question (Bächle-Kiefer-Maheshwary-del Rio)

*Is  $(3 - 2 - 5)$  the GK-graph of a finite solvable rational group?*

For cut groups:

Question (Bächle-Kiefer-Maheshwary-del Rio)

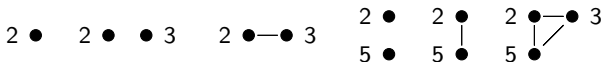
*Which of the four graphs  $(s)$ ,  $(t)$ ,  $(u)$  and  $(v)$  are realizable as the GK-graph of some finite solvable cut group?*

## For rational groups:

Theorem (CD, Garcia-Lucas, del Río)

$(3 - 2 - 5)$  is not the GK-graph of a finite solvable rational group.

The GK-graphs of non-trivial finite solvable rational groups are precisely the following:



Corollary

If  $G$  is a finite solvable rational group of order divisible by 15, then  $G$  has elements of order 6, 10 and 15.



## For cut groups:

At the moment...we do not know much. But we have the following conjecture.

### Conjecture

*A finite solvable cut group having GK-graph  $s$ ),  $t$ ),  $u$ ) or  $v$ ) has Fitting length at least 5.*

This is true for  $s$ ).

Equivalently,

### Conjecture

*The GK-graphs of finite solvable cut groups with Fitting length at most 4 are the graphs  $a$ ) -  $r$ ).*

Thank you!

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